ORDER OF THE COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC HEALTH RELATED TO PHARMACY PRACTICE

On March 10, 2020, Governor Charles D. Baker declared a State of Emergency in the Commonwealth to respond to the spread of COVID-19. The Public Health Council has approved and authorized me to take such actions, incur such liabilities, and establish such rules, requirements, and procedures which are necessary to prepare for, respond to, and mitigate the spread of COVID-19 in order to protect the health and welfare of the people of the Commonwealth, consistent with the Governor’s declaration.

Accordingly, having received that authorization from the Council and with the approval of the Governor, I issue the following Order:

I. Remote Processing of Prescriptions by Pharmacy Technicians
Pharmacy technicians licensed by the Board of Registration in Pharmacy ("Board") may perform remote processing of patient-specific prescriptions on behalf of a Massachusetts licensed pharmacy or health care facility without direct on-site supervision by a Board-licensed pharmacist. The pharmacy, pharmacist, and pharmacy technicians shall comply with guidance published by the Board regarding remote processing.

II. Implementation of Garb Conservation During Periods of Shortage
Retail compounding pharmacies and institutional pharmacies may engage in methods to conserve sterile compounding garb that may not be consistent with USP <797>. The pharmacy, pharmacist, and pharmacy technicians shall comply with guidance published by the Board regarding garb conservation.

III. Emergency Authorization to Practice Pharmacy in Massachusetts
A pharmacist holding a pharmacist license in good standing from a state other than Massachusetts may practice pharmacy on behalf of a Massachusetts licensed pharmacy or health care facility during the State of Emergency upon receipt of written approval from the Board.
A pharmacy technician holding a pharmacy technician license in good standing from a state other than Massachusetts may work within a Massachusetts licensed pharmacy or health care facility during the State of Emergency without a Massachusetts technician license upon receipt of written approval from the Board.

A pharmacist and pharmacy technician authorized by this Order to practice in Massachusetts shall comply with guidance published by the Board.

IV. Emergency Prescription Refills
In the event a patient’s prescription does not have any remaining refills and the patient’s prescriber is not available to authorize a new prescription, pharmacists and pharmacies are authorized to dispense a refill of medication for continuation of therapy for a chronic condition in accordance with the pharmacist’s professional judgment. The pharmacy, pharmacist, and pharmacy technicians shall comply with guidance published by the Board regarding emergency refills.

V. Central Filling of Prescriptions by Massachusetts Pharmacies
Retail pharmacies and institutional pharmacies may engage in central filling activities of patient specific prescriptions or orders, including compounded sterile and complex non-sterile preparations. A pharmacy engaging in central filling activities authorized by this Order may provide central filling for one or more pharmacies. All licensees engaging in central filling activity shall comply with guidance published by the Board.

All applicable statutes, regulations, and guidance not inconsistent with this Order remain in effect.

This Order shall be effective immediately and shall remain in effect until the State of Emergency is terminated by the Governor, or until rescinded by me, whichever shall happen first.

IT IS SO ORDERED

[Signature]

Monica Bharel, MD, MPH
Commissioner, Massachusetts Department of Public Health

March 24, 2020
REMOTE PROCESSING BY PHARMACY TECHNICIANS

On March 10, 2020, Governor Charles D. Baker declared a State of Emergency in the Commonwealth to respond to the spread of COVID-19. On March 24, 2020, the Commissioner of Public Health issued an Order authorizing pharmacy technicians licensed by the Board of Registration in Pharmacy (“Board”) to perform remote processing of patient-specific prescriptions on behalf of a Massachusetts Board-licensed pharmacy without direct on-site supervision by a Board-licensed pharmacist.

Specifically, the Order authorizes pharmacy technicians to process patient-specific prescriptions outside of a Massachusetts licensed pharmacy or health care facility, provided the following requirements are satisfied:

- The pharmacy technicians are licensed by the Board.
- All prescription processing activities conducted by pharmacy technicians are reviewed and verified by a Massachusetts licensed pharmacist.
- Pharmacies must assure data security and establish controls to protect the confidentiality and integrity of Protected Health Information (PHI).

All applicable statutes, regulations, guidance not inconsistent with the Order and this guidance remain in effect.

The Order and this guidance are effective immediately and shall remain in effect until the State of Emergency is terminated by the Governor, or the Order is rescinded by the Commissioner, whichever shall happen first.
IMPLEMENTATION OF GARB CONSERVATION  
DURING PERIODS OF SHORTAGE  

On March 10, 2020, Governor Charles D. Baker declared a State of Emergency in the Commonwealth to respond to the spread of COVID-19. On March 24, 2020, the Commissioner of Public Health issued an Order authorizing retail pharmacies and hospital pharmacies that perform sterile compounding to implement measures to conserve protective garb.

Specifically, the Order authorizes retail pharmacies and institutional pharmacies that engage in sterile compounding to implement garb conservation measures during periods of documented shortage or potential shortage provided the following requirements are satisfied:

- The pharmacy develops and maintains a written policy that describes conservation measures to be undertaken and mitigation strategies to minimize risk of contamination.
- The pharmacy should consider consulting with a microbiologist, infection control professional, or industrial hygienist for guidance on additional cleaning procedures and conducting more frequent environmental and personnel monitoring.
- Beyond-Use-Dates (BUDs) should be the shortest possible to meet patient needs but may not exceed 30 hours room temperature or 9 days refrigerated.
- Garb used for non-sterile to sterile (i.e. high risk) compounding may not be reused.

Please refer to the following resources on COVID-19 for development of internal practices to facilitate appropriate response and safe practice.

- CDC’s Interim Guidance on preventing COVID-19 from spreading, which includes Strategies for Optimizing the Supply of N95 Respirators https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/respirators-strategy/
• FDA’s Surgical Mask and Gown Conservation Strategies - Letter to Healthcare Providers

• NIOSH List of Antineoplastic and Other Hazardous Drugs in Healthcare Settings, 2016

• Remediation Considerations for Handling Above Action Level Environmental Monitoring (EM) Results
  https://www.mass.gov/advisory/remediation-considerations-for-handling-above-action-level-environmental-monitoring-em

All applicable statutes, regulations, guidance not inconsistent with the Order and this guidance remain in effect.

The Order and this guidance are effective immediately and shall remain in effect until the State of Emergency is terminated by the Governor, or the Order is rescinded by the Commissioner, whichever shall happen first.
On March 10, 2020, Governor Charles D. Baker declared a State of Emergency in the Commonwealth to respond to the spread of COVID-19. On March 24, 2020, the Commissioner of Public Health issued an Order authorizing:

(1) A pharmacist holding a pharmacist license in good standing (without any disciplinary or non-disciplinary condition or restriction) from a state other than Massachusetts may practice in the same manner as a Massachusetts licensed pharmacist on behalf of a Massachusetts licensed pharmacy or health care facility during the COVID-19 emergency period; and

(2) a pharmacy technician holding a pharmacy technician license in good standing (without any disciplinary or non-disciplinary condition or restriction) from a state other than Massachusetts may work within a Massachusetts licensed pharmacy or health care facility during the COVID-19 emergency period without a Massachusetts pharmacy technician license.

In order for a pharmacist or pharmacy technician licensed in another state to practice on behalf of a Massachusetts licensed pharmacy or health care facility, the pharmacist or pharmacy technician shall:

- submit the attached completed application to the Board;
- receive written authorization from the Board prior to engaging in practice; and
- comply with all Massachusetts laws and regulations.

The authorization to practice on behalf of a Massachusetts licensed pharmacy or health care facility in accordance with the Order and this guidance is only valid during the COVID-19 emergency period and only upon receipt of written approval from the Board.
A pharmacist and pharmacy technician holding a pharmacist or pharmacy technician license in good standing from a state other than Massachusetts may practice pharmacy for a Massachusetts licensed pharmacy or health care facility during the COVID-19 emergency period, in accordance with guidance published by the Board of Registration in Pharmacy (“Board”), upon receipt of written approval from the Board to practice in Massachusetts.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pharmacist</th>
<th>Pharmacy Technician</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Name</td>
<td>Last Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of Birth [mm/dd/yyyy]</td>
<td>NABP ID#: (if applicable)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State currently practicing in:</td>
<td>License Number:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Street Address</td>
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<td>City</td>
<td>State</td>
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<tr>
<td>Phone</td>
<td>Email</td>
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<tr>
<td>The pharmacy you will be assisting:</td>
<td>Location of Pharmacy</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
I attest that my license is in good standing with no restrictions in all jurisdictions in which I am licensed. I will abide by all Massachusetts laws and regulations. I understand this authorization is to be used only during the state of emergency that was declared by the Governor on March 10, 2020.

Signature of Applicant_____________________________________Date___________________

Print Name_____________________________________________

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Board Use Only

☐ Approved  Date_____________________

☐ Denied   Date_____________________

Signature of Executive Director or Designee____________________________________
EMERGENCY PRESCRIPTION REFILLS

On March 10, 2020, Governor Charles D. Baker declared a State of Emergency in the Commonwealth to respond to the spread of COVID-19. On March 24, 2020, the Commissioner of Public Health issued an Order authorizing pharmacists and pharmacies to dispense emergency prescription refills in the event the prescriber is not available, in accordance with this policy.

Specifically, the Order authorizes pharmacies and pharmacists to dispense a refill of medication for continuation of therapy for a chronic condition when a prescription has no available refills, provided the following requirements are satisfied:

- Pharmacists must use their professional judgment to determine whether an emergency refill is necessary for patients to maintain access to prescription medication.
- The prescriber is not readily available to authorize a refill of the medication (i.e. within 72 hours).
- The maintenance medication for a chronic condition has been unchanged for at least 3 months.
- The refill prescription is reduced to writing and marked “emergency prescription.”
- The quantity is limited to a 30 day supply (or smallest available package size).
- Pharmacists will not be required to obtain a follow-up hard copy of the prescription from the patient’s provider.
- In the case of Schedule II controlled substances, an emergency supply may only be dispensed under existing DEA rules.
- The dispensing pharmacist shall notify the prescriber of the emergency dispensing within a reasonable time after such dispensing.

All applicable statutes, regulations, guidance not inconsistent with the Order and this guidance remain in effect.

The Order and this guidance are effective immediately and shall remain in effect until the State of Emergency is terminated by the Governor, or the Order is rescinded by the Commissioner, whichever shall happen first.

In accordance with the Order, retail pharmacies and institutional pharmacies may engage in central filling activities of patient specific prescriptions or orders, including compounded sterile and complex non-sterile preparations. A central fill pharmacy may provide central filling for one or more pharmacies.

Specifically, the Order authorizes Massachusetts retail pharmacies and institutional pharmacies to conduct central filling activities for other Massachusetts pharmacies, provided the following requirements are satisfied:

- Pharmacies planning on serving as a central fill pharmacy must notify the Board or their licensing authority prior to engaging in the central filling of prescriptions.
- In addition to their own patient needs, central fill pharmacies providing services for other pharmacies must have the capability to accurately and safely process and dispense the volume of prescriptions required.
- Pharmacies must maintain data security and establish controls to protect the confidentiality and integrity of Protected Health Information (PHI).
- Pharmacies shall comply with USP <795> and USP <797>, as applicable.

All applicable statutes, regulations, guidance not inconsistent with the Order and this guidance remain in effect.

The Order and this guidance are effective immediately and shall remain in effect until the State of Emergency is terminated by the Governor, or the Order is rescinded by the Commissioner, whichever shall happen first.